

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer1	Summer 2
Topic Focus	Geography-Mountains Geography Key Concepts: Place, space, scale, physical and human processes, environmental interaction and sustainable development.		World History- Egypt religion Settlement and buildings	British History- Romans Migration and movement Settlement and buildings Home life	Geography – Rivers Geography Key Concepts: Place, space, scale, physical and human processes, interdependence, sustainable development and environmental interaction.	
Lead Question	Could you climb mount Everest in your school uniform?		Was everyone an Ancient Egyptian?	When did the Romans invade and why?	Why was the Nile so important for the Egyptians? (Trent so important for Nottingham?)	
Key Knowledge	 block mountains. Know and identify the main mount and Asia (The Himalayas), and the and Asia) on a map. Know the name of the highest mo the state of the highest mo the French-Italian border). Know the name of the highest mo the state of the highest mo the state of the highest mo the state of the highest mo thimalayas. Know that it is in the co map. Know the countries that make up ranges in the UK. Locate these in 	e Ural Mountains (spans Europe nountain in Europe (Mt Elbrus in untain in the Alps (Mont Blanc on untain in the world Mt Everest in the ountry Nepal and locate this on a the UK and the highest mountain an atlas. ent the gradient and steepness of lines of UK mountains on OS s who live in Nepal and help r and the	 Know about, and name, some of the advanced societies that were in the world around 3000 years ago Know about the key features of either: Ancient Egypt; Ancient Sumer; Indus Valley; or the Shang Dynasty History Skills Place events from period studied on a time line Use terms related to the period and begin to date events. Understand more complex terms e.g. BCE/AD Begins to use evidence to build up a picture of a past event Asks and answers questions such as: What was it like for a during? 	 Know how Britain changed from the iron age to the end of the Roman occupation Know how the Roman occupation of Britain helped to advance British society Know how there was resistance to the Roman occupation and know about Boudicca Know about at least one famous Roman emperor History Skills Look at the evidence available. Choose relevant material to present a picture of one aspect of life within the study Begin to evaluate the usefulness of different sources. 	 Locate and name the world's Use digital mapping to locate studied. Use fieldwork to observe, mean human and physical features 	of a river. mber of the world's longest rivers. he main river that runs through ugh Nottingham. Identify these on le (evidence in science books). by a river. vers clean as plastic pollution es. pass (as in Y3) a key. n aerial photograph as on a map.

 Geography Skills Use the eight points of a compass (as in Y3) Use OS maps, symbols and a key. Label the same features on an aerial photograph as on a map. Name and locate the world's most famous mountain ranges on maps. Use digital mapping to locate countries and describe features studied. 	 Use and suggest sources of evidence to build up a picture of a past event to help answer a variety of questions e.g. library and internet Image: Start and Start	 Use of sources- text books and historical knowledge. Select data and organise it into a data file to answer historical questions Know the period in which the study is set Display findings in a variety of ways Work independently and in groups, writing, annotations, drama, mode Work independently and in groups, writing, annotations, drama, mode 	Recovery from Y3: Know the names of and locate the seven continents of the world and locate the five oceans of the world - Know the names of and locate the five oceans of the world - Know the names of the four countries that make up the UK and name the three main seas that surround the UK Know the name of and locate the four capital cities of England, Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland - Use the eight points of a compass, N.NE,E,SE,S,SW,W, NW. - Use some basic OS symbols and a key to read maps. - Name some countries from the Northern and Southern hemispheres
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			Distinguish between different sources and evaluate their usefulness Look at representations of the period – museum	Distinguish between different sources and evaluate their usefulness Look at representations of the period – museum Know how Britain changed between the beginning of the stone age and the iron age		
Quality Text Literacy Curriculum	Weslandia by Paul Fleischman	The Matchbox Diary by Paul Fleischman	Until I met Dudley Roger McGough and Chris Riddell (curriculum link to science electricity)	Winter's Child Angela McAllister	The Selfish Giant by Oscar Wilde (curriculum link to Religious Education Christianity)	Varmints – Helen Ward (curriculum link to science living things and their habitats)
	Tar Beach by Faith Ringold	The Lion and The Unicorn by Shirley Hughes	The story of Tutankhamun by Patricia Cleveland-Peck	Narnia- the Lion the Witch and The Wardrobe	Jabberwocky by Lewis Carroll	FArTHER by Grahame Baker Smith

Wow Starter	Digestion tights activity (Science) Walk in the Peak District	Visitor from mountain rescue Exotic animal man visiting	Making Canopic Jars Making electricity from potatoes/lemons	Making Slime	BSL visitor coming in	Pond dipping Water company visit
Enrichment	Blackberry picking London Marathon	Have a pen pal Tin can cookery Make pizza	Visit a football stadium Raise money for charity	Have a picnic Orienteering festival	Hathersage residential Go on a night walk (at Hathersage) Press flowers	Water fight (summer treat) Make a time capsule Trip to magna science Museum Bike ability
Community	Grandparents day	Singing carols at care home	Hold enterprise stall	Brass Band coming into school	Local history walk (DH Lawrence)	Race for life – raising money for charity
School values	Curiosity- asking questions what we want to find out, ask for more information Respect- respecting other peoples views	Respectful – being respectful to a visitor when listening	Curiosity- asking questions what we want to find out, creating our own experiments democracy – voting for how we would like the raise money for charities Respectful- to visitors with sensitives	Respectful – being respectful to a visitor when listening Curiosity- asking questions what we want to find out, ask for more information	Safe – when out in public, in pairs etc. Curiosity- asking questions what we want to find out, ask for more information Safe- using the equipment in experiments safely and being near water	Safe- using the equipment in experiments safely Curiosity- asking questions what we want to find out, creating our own experiments
British Values	Individual Liberty-Human rights	Tolerance of others-Den building group working /RE	The rule of law-	Democracy- Discuss and vote on best way to raise money	Mutual respect	Individual Liberty-Human rights
Personal Development	Families Responsibility	Caring Friendships	Respectful – relationships Personal Safety	Safety in and around the home	Community First Aid Democracy	Changing and Growing (SRE) Economic Wellbeing
Geography Fieldwork and geography enrichment.	climb the hill.	as we climb a hill? ng how the gradient changes as they			How does a river's load change with the distance downstream? Trip to Moorland Discovery Centre at the Longshaw Estate: River Study. Eastwood stream clean.	
Science	Animals (including humans): V Identify and name the parts of the Know the functions of the organs		Electricity	Changes of state	Know how sound is made associating some of them with vibrating	Living things and their habitats: which animals and

	Identify and know the different types of teeth that humans have Know the functions of different human teeth Use and construct food chains to identify producers, predators and prey Use classification keys to group, identify and name living things Recovery from year 3 -Identify that animals, including humans, need the right types and amount of nutrition, and that they cannot make their own food; they get nutrition from what they eat -Identify that humans and some other animals have skeletons and muscles for support, protection and movement	Identify and name appliances that require electricity to function Construct a series circuit Identify and name the components in a series circuit (including cells, wires, bulbs, switches and buzzers) Predict and test whether a lamp will light within a circuit Know the function of a switch in a circuit Know the difference between a conductor and an insulator; giving examples of each	Group materials based on their state of matter (solid, liquid, gas Know about and explore how some materials can change state Know the temperature at which materials change state Know the part played by evaporation and condensation in the water cycle	Know how sound is made associating some of them with vibrating Know how sound travels from a source to our ears Know the correlation between pitch and the object producing a sound Know the correlation between the volume of a sound and the strength of the vibrations that produced it Know what happens to a sound as it travels away from its source	plants thrive in our local environment? - Use classification keys to group, identify and name living things Know how changes to an environment could endanger living things Recovery from year 3 Plants topic not covered but has been taught in year 1 and 2. Objectives to be considered when life cycles is returned to in year five -Identify and describe the functions of different parts of flowering plants: roots, stem/trunk, leaves and flowers -Explore the requirements of plants for life and growth (air, light, water, nutrients from soil, and room to grow) and how they vary from plant to plant -Investigate the way in which water is transported within plants -Explore the part that flowers play in the life cycle of flowering plants, including pollination, seed formation and seed
Art	Drawing Using different grades of pencil to draw facial expressions.	David Hockney Paint – Water colours Make tints, tones and shades	Printing – Pattern. Paul Smith. Understand the difference	Sculpture - Clay and wire Kenneth Armitage Discuss the work of other	dispersal Mixed Media Ed Fairburn.
	Use a wide range of sketching pencils. Consider scale and proportion Create accurate observational drawing. Work on a variety of scales. Identify and draw the effects of reflection. Draw for a sustained period of time. 2B, 8B, 4B, 2H and H pencils. Pencil crayons	using white, grey and black. Observe colour and suggest why it has been changed. Independently choose the right paint and equipment. Select colour to reflect mood.	between repeat printing and mono printing. Explore the process of mono printing. Explore the process of printing with multiple colours.	sculptors and architect and how these have influenced their own work/ designs. Adapt work when necessary and explain why. Develop awareness in environmental sculpture.	Mixed Media Gain experience in overlaying colours. Continue to experience in combining prints to produce an end print. Demonstrate an awareness of printing onto fabric and consider

	Sketches, lines, texture, tone, shape, colour, represent, figures, forms, movement, reflection, materials. Facial expression, body language,		Explore different brush strokes and why they might have been used. Begin to discuss how they are influenced by the work of others. create colours, mood, shading, feeling.	Print, different materials, colours, accurate design	Use wire and clap to sculpt figures. Sculpt, clay, mouldable, material, experiment, processes, design, 3d, form	the difference to printing onto paper. Digital Media- Begin to use digital media to record. Produce drawing using IT
DT	Digital World – mindful moments timer	Cooking and nutrition – adapting a recipe (Christmas Biscuits)	Electrical Systems – torches	Textiles – fastenings	Structures – Pavilions	Mechanisms – Slingshot cars
RE	4.1 The journey of life and death <i>Why do some people think life</i> <i>is like a journey? Where do we</i> <i>go? What do different people</i> <i>think about life after death?</i> Christianity, Hinduism, Islam, humanism Visit to the Mandir	RE day- Focus on Christmas Invite visitor Focus- drama and art	4.2 Symbols and religious expression How do people express their religious and spiritual ideas on pilgrimages? Islam, Hinduism, Christianity, non religious worldviews	4.3 Spiritual expression Christianity, music and worship. What can we learn? Christianity and also the idea of being spiritual but non- religious	4.4 Religion, family, community, worship, celebration, ways of living How do Hindu families practice their faith? What are the deeper meaning of some Hindu festivals? Hinduism	RE day- Focus- Express yourself spiritually through the arts Music, drama, art
PE	Invasion games Cross country Mind Mile	Invasion games Cross country Mind Mile	Gym and dance Mind Mile	Invasion games Cross country Mind Mile	Striking and fielding Cross country Mind Mile	Athletics Cross country Mind Mile
Music	learning to play the ukulele use notation to record and interpret sequences of pitches identify and describe the different purposes of music	learning to play the ukulele use notation to record and interpret sequences of pitches identify and describe the different purposes of music begin to identify the style of work of Beethoven, Mozart and Elgar	learning to play the ukulele use notation to record and interpret sequences of pitches identify and describe the different purposes of music	learning to play the ukulele use notation to record and interpret sequences of pitches identify and describe the different purposes of music begin to identify the style of work of Beethoven, Mozart and Elgar	learning to play the ukulele use notation to record and interpret sequences of pitches identify and describe the different purposes of music begin to identify the style of work of Beethoven, Mozart and Elgar	learning to play the ukulele use notation to record and interpret sequences of pitches identify and describe the different purposes of music

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ICT	Networks INTERNET safety Navigate the web to complete simple searches	Develop and create programs Write programs that accomplish specific goals	Develop and create programs. Design a sequence of instructions, including directional instructions	Algorithm's Discern when it is best to use technology and where it adds little or no value	Networks navigate the web to complete simple searches	Networks INTERNET safety Navigate the web to complete simple searches
French	All About Me -Name, age -Questions -Questions -Likes/ dislikes	Classroom Objects -Objects in a classroom -Items in a pencil case -Christmas -Cultural differences between France and England	Animal Carnival -Animals -Habitats	Planets -Names of planets, sun and moon -Describe the colour, size etc of the planets	3 Little Pigs -Know vocab from the story	French Geography -Know some areas you might live in -Know the countries that border France -Know geographical features of France
Maths Curriculum Links	Science: animals including humans interpret and present discrete and continuous data using appropriate graphical methods, including bar charts and time graphs. When carrying out different scientific experiments on salvia, tooth decay and the digestive system solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in bar charts, pictograms, tables and other graphs. When carrying out different scientific experiments on salvia, tooth decay and the digestive system Understand and use a greater range of scales in their representations. Begin to relate the graphical representation of data to recording change over time. When carrying out	Geography: Mountains Scale and converting heights of mountains using scales to determine distance on maps. Measuring accurately and converting units. Map reading, grid references and coordinates, knowing axis names and position (horizontal/vertical) Drawing our own maps. Using a key effectively Art: Observational sketching Perspective and scale factor when sketching.	Art: Painting David Hockney landscapes Using ratio to mix paints to create colours. Science: Electricity Perspective and scale factor Measurement and converting units when using the circuits. Investigating patterns and using symbols effectively to draw a circuit History: The Ancient Egyptians Timelines and sequencing Working out how long ago or far apart events are/ were. Place value knowledge for sequencing. Reconstruction of pyramids Shape: compare and classify geometric shapes, including quadrilaterals and triangles,	Design and Technology: textiles Convert between different units of measure and use ratio effectively when doing accurate designs for our fabric bags measure and calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear figure in centimetres and metres when meeting the design brief History: The Romans read Roman numerals to 100 (I to C) and know that over time, the numeral system changed to include the concept of zero and place value using these for decoration in Roman art work. Timelines and sequencing Working out how long ago or far apart events are/ were. Place value knowledge for sequencing.	Art: Sculpture Perspective and scale factor when sketching, creating a sculpture. Tessellation and translation to create pattern. Using ratio to mix paints to create colours Representing our findings in an appropriate table and graph and making changes to our data relating to date and or time. Map reading, grid references and coordinates, knowing axis names and position (horizontal/vertical) Drawing our own maps. Using a key effectively	Geography: Rivers estimate, compare and calculate different measures when taking water samples in pond dipping. solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes; minutes to seconds; years to months; weeks to days when carrying out and recording our findings.

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different scientific experiments	based on their properties and	Looking at money and currency
on salvia, tooth decay and the	sizes	and the changes over periods of
digestive system		time.
		Science: States of Matter
Design and Technology:		solve problems involving
smoothies		converting from hours to
Convert between different units		minutes; minutes to seconds;
of measure when making		years to months; weeks to days
smoothies, measuring		when carrying out and recording
amounts.		
amounts.		experiments on changing states.
		Recording the rates of changing
Following smoothie recipes,		states of matter.
using ratio and proportion. Use		
scales to weigh accurately.		Representing our findings in an
		appropriate table and graph and
		making changes to our data
		relating to date and or time.
		Use equipment such as
		thermometers to measure and
		compare temperature
		Art: Printing
		compare and classify geometric
		shapes
		identify lines of symmetry in 2-D
		shapes presented in different
		orientations
		complete a simple symmetric
		figure with respect to a specific
		line of symmetry when printing
		patterns onto different materials